PACKAGE LEAFLET: INFORMATION FOR THE USER

Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name] 10 mg tablets
Ezetimibe

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.
- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet:
1. What Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name] is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name]
3. How to take Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name]
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name]
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1.   What EZETIMIBE APOTEX[Invented name] is and what it is used for

Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name] is a medicine to lower increased levels of cholesterol.

This medicine lowers levels of total cholesterol, "bad" cholesterol (LDL cholesterol), and fatty substances called triglycerides in the blood. In addition, this medicine raises levels of "good" cholesterol (HDL cholesterol).

Ezetimibe, the active ingredient of this medicine works by reducing the cholesterol absorbed in your digestive tract.

This medicine adds to the cholesterol-lowering effect of statins, a group of medicines that reduce the cholesterol your body makes by itself.

Cholesterol is one of several fatty substances found in the bloodstream. Your total cholesterol is made up mainly of LDL and HDL cholesterol.

LDL cholesterol is often called "bad" cholesterol because it can build up in the walls of your arteries forming plaque. Eventually this plaque build-up can lead to a narrowing of the arteries. This narrowing can slow or block blood flow to vital organs such as the heart and brain. This blocking of blood flow can result in a heart attack or stroke.

HDL cholesterol is often called "good" cholesterol because it helps keep the bad cholesterol from building up in the arteries and protects against heart disease.

Triglycerides are another form of fat in your blood that may increase your risk for heart disease.

It is used for patients who cannot control their cholesterol levels by cholesterol lowering diet alone. You should stay on your cholesterol lowering diet while taking this medicine.

This medicine is used in addition to your cholesterol lowering diet if you have:

- a raised cholesterol level in your blood (primary hypercholesterolaemia [heterozygous familial and non-familial]).
- together with a statin, when your cholesterol level is not well controlled with a statin alone.
- alone, when statin treatment is inappropriate or is not tolerated.
- a hereditary illness (homozygous familial hypercholesterolaemia) that increases the cholesterol level in your blood. You will also be prescribed a statin and may also receive other treatments.
- a hereditary illness (homozygous sitosterolaemia, also known as phytosterolaemia) that increases the levels of plant sterols in your blood.

If you have heart disease, Ezetimib combined with cholesterol-lowering medicines called statins reduces the risk of heart attack, stroke, surgery to increase heart blood flow, or hospitalisation for chest pain.

This medicine does not help you lose weight.

2. **What you need to know before you take** ~~EZETIMIBE APOTEX~~**[Invented name]**

If you use this medicine together with a statin, please read the package leaflet of that particular medicine.

Do not take ~~Ezetimibe Apotex~~**[Invented name] if:**

- you are allergic (hypersensitive) to ezetimibe or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6: Contents of the pack and other information-).

Do not take ~~Ezetimibe Apotex~~**[Invented name] together with a statin if:**

- you currently have liver problems
- you are pregnant or breast-feeding.

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking this medicine.
- Tell your doctor about all your medical conditions including allergies.
- Your doctor should do a blood test before you start taking this medicine with a statin. This is to check how well your liver is working.
- Your doctor may also want you to have blood tests to check how well your liver is working after you start taking this medicine with a statin.

If you have moderate or severe liver problems, this medicine is not recommended.

The safety and efficacy of the combined use of this medicine and certain cholesterol lowering medicines, the fibrates have not been established.

Children and adolescents

Do not give this medicine to children and adolescents between 6 and 17 years unless prescribed by a specialist because there are limited data on safety and efficacy. Do not give this medicine to children less than 6 years old because there is no information in this age group.

Other medicines and Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name]

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines. In particular, tell your doctor if you are taking medicine(s) with any of the following active ingredients:

- ciclosporin (often used in organ transplant patients)
- medicines with an active ingredient to prevent blood clots, such as warfarin, phenprocoumon, acenocoumarol or fluindione (anticoagulants)
- colestyramine (also used to lower cholesterol), because it affects the way this medicine works
- fibrates (also used to lower cholesterol)

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.
Do not take this medicine with a statin if you are pregnant, are trying to get pregnant or think you may be pregnant. If you get pregnant while taking this medicine with a statin, stop taking both medicines immediately and tell your doctor.

There is no experience from the use of this medicine without a statin during pregnancy. Ask your doctor for advice before using this medicine if you are pregnant.

Do not take this medicine with a statin if you are breast-feeding, because it is not known if the medicines are passed into breast milk.

Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name] without a statin should not be used if you are breast-feeding. Ask your doctor for advice.

Driving and using machines

This medicine is not expected to interfere with your ability to drive or to use machinery. However, it should be taken into account that some people may get dizzy after taking this medicine.

Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name] contains lactose and sodium

This medicine contains a sugar called lactose. If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product.

This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per tablet, i.e. essentially "sodium-free".

3.   How to take EZETIMIBE APOTEX[Invented name]

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Continue taking your other cholesterol-lowering medicines unless your doctor tells you to stop. You should check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

- Before starting this medicine, you should be on a diet to lower your cholesterol.
- You should keep on this cholesterol lowering diet whilst taking this medicine.

The recommended dose is one Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name] 10 mg Tablet by mouth once a day.

Take Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name] at any time of the day. You can take it with or without food.

If your doctor has prescribed this medicine along with a statin, both medicines can be taken at the same time. In this case, please read the dosage instructions in the package leaflet of that particular medicine.

If your doctor has prescribed this medicine along with another medicine for lowering cholesterol containing the active ingredient colestyramine or any other medicine containing bile acid sequestrant, you should take this medicine at least 2 hours before or 4 hours after taking the bile acid sequestrant.

If you take more Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name] than you should
Please contact your doctor or pharmacist.

If you forget to take Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name]
Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten tablet, just take your normal amount of this medicine at the usual time the next day.

If you stop taking Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name]
Talk to your doctor or pharmacist because your cholesterol may rise again.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

4. 4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

The following terms are used to describe how often side effects have been reported:
- Very common (may affect more than 1 of 10 patients)
- Common (may affect up to 1 of 10 patients)
- Uncommon (may affect up to 1 of 100 patients)
- Rare (may affect up to 1 of 1,000 patients)
- Very rare (may affect up to 1 of 10,000 patients, including isolated reports).

Contact your doctor immediately if you experience unexplained muscle pain, tenderness, or weakness. This is because on rare occasions, muscle problems, including muscle breakdown resulting in kidney damage, can be serious and may become a potentially life-threatening condition.

Allergic reactions, including swelling of the face, lips, tongue, and/or throat that may cause difficulty in breathing or swallowing (which requires treatment right away) have been reported in general use.

When used alone, the following side effects were reported:
Common	abdominal pain; diarrhoea; flatulence; feeling tired.

Uncommon: elevations in some laboratory blood tests of liver (transaminases) or muscle (CK) function; cough; indigestion; heartburn; nausea; joint pain; muscle spasms; neck pain; decreased appetite; pain; chest pain; hot flush; high blood pressure.

Additionally, when used with a statin, the following side effects were reported:

Common: elevations in some laboratory blood tests of liver function (transaminases); headache; muscle pain; tenderness or weakness.

Uncommon: tingling sensation; dry mouth; itching; rash; hives; back pain; muscle weakness, pain in arms and legs; unusual tiredness or weakness; swelling, especially in the hands and feet.

When used with fenofibrate, the following common side effect was reported: abdominal pain.

Additionally, the following side effects have been reported in general use: dizziness; muscle aches; liver problems; allergic reactions including rash and hives; raised red rash, sometimes with target shaped lesions (erythema multiforme); muscle pain, tenderness or weakness; muscle breakdown; gallstones or inflammation of the gallbladder (which may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting); inflammation of the pancreas often with severe abdominal pain; constipation; reduction in blood cell counts, which may cause bruising/bleeding (thrombocytopaenia); tingling sensation; depression; unusual tiredness or weakness; shortness of breath.

Reporting of side effects
If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the national reporting system listed in Appendix V.* By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store EZETIMIBE APOTEX[Invented name]

- Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

- Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton or container after "EXP." The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

- This medicinal product does not require any special temperature storage conditions.

Store in the original package in order to protect from moisture.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help to protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name] contains

- The active substances is Ezetimibe. Each tablet contains 10 mg ezetimibe.

- The other ingredients are: povidone K30, croscarmellose sodium, lactose monhydrate, sodium lauryl sulfate, microcrystalline cellulose (PH 102), magnesium stearate, colloidal silicon dioxide.

What Ezetimibe Apotex[Invented name] looks like and contents of the pack

White to off-white, flat-face bevelled edge, capsule shaped tablet (3.967 mm x 7.938 mm). Engraved "APO" on one side and "EZ 10" on the other side.

This medicine is available in blister packs of 28, 30, 50, 90, 98 and 100 tablets.
Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

Marketing Authorisation Holder:
<[To be completed nationally]>

Manufacturer:

Apotex Netherlands B.V
Archimedesweg 2, 2333 CN Leiden
The Netherlands

This leaflet was last revised in {month YYYY}